

FOLLOW-UP VISIT PACKET NACC UNIFORM DATA SET (UDS) FTLD MODULE

Form C6F: Revised Self-monitoring Scale¹ co-participant questionnaire

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CENTER

This questionnaire is designed to be completed **independently by the co-participant**, who will be describing the subject's current typical behavior. This form may be handed to the co-participant for completion by him- or herself at any time during the study visit. If the co-participant asks for clarification of questions, it is acceptable for a qualified psychologist or psychometrist to discuss the questionnaire with him or her. However, if the co-participant completes this questionnaire collaboratively with the clinician, either face-to-face or via telephone, **you must inform NACC of this change in protocol** by checking the appropriate box in the gray "FOR CLINIC USE ONLY" area at the top of the questionnaire.

Before the co-participant leaves, clinic staff should make sure that all questions were completed by the co-participant (i.e., none was left blank) by discussing the missing item with the co-participant and encouraging them to provide a response. If this is not done and it is later noticed that some items were missed by the co-participant, clinic staff should call the co-participant as soon as possible so that the missing items can be completed by phone. In this case, the questionnaire is not considered to have been completed independently by the co-participant. In the shaded area at the top of the form, the appropriate response would therefore be, "This questionnaire was completed via telephone interview of co-participant by clinic staff."

If there are still missing items, these items should be left blank, and "88" should be entered for the Sensitivity to Socio-emotional Expressivness (EX) Score, the Ability to Modify Self-presentation (SP) Score and the RSMS Total Score.

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TOR CLI	NO USE UNEI:						
ADC	name: Subject ID: For	m date: /	′/	шшш Visit	#:	Examiner's init	ials: டடட
THIS QUESTIONNAIRE WAS COMPLETED: O Independently by co-participant, as described in "Instructions to the Center" 1 Via in-person interview of co-participant by clinic staff 2 Via telephone interview of co-participant by clinic staff							
behav of how	TIONS: Indicate how well each statement describes the subject's CURRENT or. There are no right or wrong answers; we just want to get your impression you think the subject typically behaves. If you have questions about how to ete this questionnaire, please ask a staff member, and they will be happy to bu.	Certainly, always false (0)	Generally false (1)	Somewhat false, but with exceptions (2)	Somewhat true, but with exceptions (3)	Generally true (4)	Certainly, always true (5)
1.	In social situations, the subject has the ability to alter his/her behavior if he/she feels that something else is called for.	□ 0	□1	□2	□3	□ 4	□5
2.	The subject is often able to correctly read people's true emotions through their eyes.	□ 0	□1	□2	□3	□ 4	□5
3.	The subject has the ability to control the way he/she comes across to people, depending on the impression he/she wants to give them.	□о	□ 1	□ 2	Пз	□ 4	□5
4.	In conversations, the subject is sensitive to even the slightest change in the facial expression of the person he/she is conversing with.	□ 0	□1	☐ 2	□3	□ 4	□ 5
5.	The subject's powers of intuition are quite good when it comes to understanding others.	□о	□ 1	□ 2	Пз	□ 4	□5
6.	The subject can usually tell when others consider a joke in bad taste, even though they may laugh convincingly.	□ 0	□1	□ 2	Пз	□ 4	□ 5
7.	When the subject feels that the image he/she is projecting isn't working, he/she can readily change to something that does.	□ 0	□ 1	□2	□3	□ 4	□5

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		Certainly, always false (0)	Generally false (1)	Somewhat false, but with exceptions (2)	Somewhat true, but with exceptions (3)	Generally true (4)	Certainly, always true (5)
8.	The subject can usually tell when he/she said something inappropriate by reading it in the listener's eyes.	□ 0	□ 1	□2	□3	□ 4	□ 5
9.	The subject has trouble changing his/her behavior to suit different people and different situations.	□о	□1	□2	□3	☐ 4	□ 5
10.	The subject can adjust his/her behavior to meet the requirements of any situation he/she is in.	□ 0	□1	□ 2	□3	□ 4	□ 5
11.	If someone is lying to the subject, he/she usually knows it at once from that person's manner or expression.	□о		□2	Пз	□ 4	□ 5
12.	Even when it might be to his/her advantage, the subject has difficulty putting up a good front.	□ 0	□ 1	□2	□3	□ 4	□ 5
13.	Once the subject knows what the situation calls for, it's easy for him/her to regulate his/her actions accordingly.	□о		□2	□3	☐ 4	□ 5

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FOR CLINIC	USE ONLY:
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14. Sensitivity to Socio	cio-emotional Expressiveness Score (EX) (0-30, 88=Unknown):	
15. Ability to Modify S	Self-presentation Score (SP) (0–35, 88=Unknown):	
16. RSMS Total Score	re (0-65, 88=Unknown):	