

NACC Uniform Data Set (UDS)

Follow-up Form B5: Behavioral Assessment – Neuropsychiatric Inventory Questionnaire (NPI-Q¹)

Center:	ADC Subject ID:	Form Date:	//	/		L	ADC Vis	sit #:	
NOTE: This form is to be completed by the clinician or other trained health professional per informant interview, as described Examiner's initials: by the training video. (This is <u>not</u> to be completed by the subject as a paper-and-pencil self-report.) For information regarding NPI-Q Interviewer Certification, see UDS Coding Guidebook for Follow-up Visit Packet, Form B5. Check only <u>one</u> box for each category of response.									
Please ask the following questions based upon <u>changes</u> . Indicate "yes" only if the symptom has been present in the <u>past month</u> ; otherwise, indicate "no". For each item marked "yes", rate the SEVERITY of the symptom (how it affects the patient): 1 = Mild (noticeable, but not a significant change) 2 = Moderate (significant, but not a dramatic change) 3 = Severe (very marked or prominent; a dramatic change)									
1. NPI inform	nant: \Box 1 Spouse \Box 2 Child \Box 3 Other (<i>speci</i>)	fy):		Yes	No			Severit	y
2. DELUSIO Does the pa her in some	atient believe that others are stealing from him or he	er, or planning to harm him or	2a.	□ 1		2b.	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3
	NATIONS: atient act as if he or she hears voices? Does he or sh	e talk to people who are not	3a.	□ 1	□ 0	3b.	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3
	ON OR AGGRESSION: nt stubborn and resistive to help from others?		4a.	□ 1		4b.	□ 1	$\Box 2$	□ 3
	ION OR DYSPHORIA: atient act as if he or she is sad or in low spirits? Doe	es he or she cry?	5a.	□ 1	$\Box 0$	5b.	□ 1	$\Box 2$	
-	atient become upset when separated from you? Does ness, such as shortness of breath, sighing, being una		ба.	□ 1		6b.	□ 1	□ 2	

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	•		•	-		• •	
		Yes	No			Severity	
7. ELATION OR EUPHORIA: Does the patient appear to feel too good or act excessively happy?	7a.	□ 1	$\Box 0$	7b.	□ 1	$\Box 2$	
8. APATHY OR INDIFFERENCE: Does the patient seem less interested in his or her usual activities and in the activities and plans of others?	8a.	□ 1		8b.	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3
9. DISINHIBITION: Does the patient seem to act impulsively? For example, does the patient talk to strangers as if he or she knows them, or does the patient say things that may hurt people's feelings?	9a.	□ 1		9b.	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3
10. IRRITABILITY OR LABILITY: Is the patient impatient or cranky? Does he or she have difficulty coping with delays or waiting for planned activities?	10a.	□ 1	$\Box 0$	10b.	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3
11. MOTOR DISTURBANCE: Does the patient engage in repetitive activities, such as pacing around the house, handling buttons, wrapping string, or doing other things repeatedly?	11a.	□ 1		11b.	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3
12. NIGHTTIME BEHAVIORS: Does the patient awaken you during the night, rise too early in the morning, or take excessive naps during the day?	12a.	□ 1		12b.	□ 1	□ 2	□ 3
13. APPETITE AND EATING: Has the patient lost or gained weight, or had a change in the food he or she likes?	13a.	□ 1	$\Box 0$	13b.	□ 1		