## **Clinical Studies Initiative Overview**

**Presented at the** 

## ADC Education Core Leaders Meeting

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## Why a Clinical Studies Initiative?

- Of 9,380 interventional trials under way at over 50,000 sites in the US, 80% are delayed because of enrollment shortfalls
- Among trials that do not complete recruitment on time, 80% are delayed more than 1 month
- In the past 20 years, the average number of patients needed per trial increased from 1,700 to as many as 4,000
- These grim statistics are worse for the 70 Phase II and III Alzheimer's trials currently (or due to begin) recruiting in the US

#### Why?

- Healthcare decisions often made by proxy and /or committee
- Caregiver participation is almost always required and many caregivers are already over-burdened, stressed & often in poor health themselves
- Physicians function as **gatekeepers**
- Trial design typically excludes both the very elderly as well as early onset populations when inclusion criteria specifies ages 65-80
- AD patients often have **exclusionary comorbidities**

Healthcare decisions typically made by **proxy** 

- A patient able to understand informed consent is often not considered at appropriate level of dementia for most studies
- Decision regarding clinical trial enrollment is understandably daunting and involves weighing risks, possible randomization to a placebo vs. "benefits"
- Extended family often involved in decision-making
- "Payback" is perceived differently compared to enrollment in a study for cancer
- **Decision by committee** in a slow process

Enrolling a loved one in a clinical trial increases a caregiver's burden because...

- 98% of all studies require caregivers to observe and evaluate the participant
- **Transportation** to and from study site often an issue
- Patients are often **agitated by changes** in routine
- Caregivers also fear that any change in medication or randomization to a placebo may trigger behavioral changes such as agitation or aggression

Physicians function as gatekeepers

- Caregivers and family rarely exclude patient's physician from decision-making process and his/her opinion holds significant weight
- Based on market research conducted by the Alzheimer's Association in 2007, nearly 75% had referred patients to clinical trials but only 25% had referred patients to AD trials. WHY?
- Lack of awareness / information cited as #1 reason

Physicians function as gatekeepers

- No idea how to find information about trials in / near their practice area
- Majority of respondents could not name a single clinical trial database
- Those who did refer patients to clinical studies cited a preference for colleague-to-colleague communication and conference attendance as favored sources of information about research and clinical study opportunities

## Situation assessment in a nutshell

There is a critical shortage of volunteers for Alzheimer's disease studies because...

- More trials under way for AD than ever before; need for the largest number of participants ever
- Prospective participant pool reduced by numerous comorbidities in an elderly population
- Caregivers and additional decision-makers represent target market for recruitment messaging
- As the cost of conducting clinical trials has risen, many sponsors have reduced funding for recruitment
- Few physicians are referring patients to Alzheimer's clinical trials

## The Alzheimer's Association's response

The Clinical Studies Initiative

- An Association-wide commitment to investigate, understand and address the factors contributing to a recruitment bottleneck
- A campaign to raise awareness of AD clinical trial opportunities (without publicizing specific studies) within the medical community and the general population
- An opportunity to promote awareness of the Association and its local chapters as a resource for patients, caregivers and physicians

## Methodology

#### Pilot program began with five chapters

- Rhode Island (Providence)
- Georgia (Atlanta)
- Northern California / Northern Nevada (San Francisco)
- Greater Indiana (Indianapolis)
- Oklahoma/Arkansas (Tulsa)

### Seeking variety in size and type of market

- All had research under way
- All had pockets of aging population

## Why a pilot program?

#### Need to substantiate assumptions

- Metrics would determine future of initiative
- Potential existed for future roll out to additional chapters in additional markets
- The sooner we could show a positive outcome, the sooner we could share results with donors and potential partners

#### Smaller scale facilitated faster start

## Pilot program components

- Market Research
- Creation of a Clinical Studies Initiative Advisory Council
- Outreach to physicians
- Outreach to patients, caregivers, and the public
- Utilization of healthcare marketing agency specializing in patient recruitment
- Evaluation of metrics and feedback

## **Review of initial market research results**

- Lack of awareness / information cited as #1 deterrent to referrals
- Respondents had no idea how to find information about trials near their practices
- Majority of respondents (79%) could not name a single clinical trial database
- Physicians cited a preference for colleague-to colleague communication
- Research shaped our initial physician outreach program as it will with the design of the Initiative's next phase

## **Outreach to physicians**

Market research findings gave shape to the physician outreach component of the pilot program

- Continuing Medical Education dinner presentations offered 1.5 CME units; 155 PCPs attended
- Provided physician "Toolkits" containing brochures, flyers, posters

## Outreach to patients, caregivers, etc.

# Mobilized volunteer task force of prominent researchers in each pilot city

- Featured on brochures to provide local connection
- Each recorded a radio spot appealing to patients and caregivers to learn about local clinical studies underway
- Served as spokespersons with the media

## Outreach to patients, caregivers, etc.

- Implemented Web site enhancements and online promotions
- Implemented a centralized toll-free Clinical Studies Hotline to provide general and specific information on clinical studies
- Developed marketing materials that recognized diversity
- Implemented comprehensive grassroots campaign executed by specialists

## Outreach to patients, caregivers, etc.

**Public Relations** 

 Interviews with Alzheimer's Association chapter executives, Task Force Members, patients and caregivers

#### Advertising

- Print
- Radio
- Television

## Pilot program physician outreach results

#### Post pilot program site survey response

Compared to last year, has the number of referrals from physicians increased? PS 23% YES NPS 7% Currently, is it very difficult for your site to enroll participants into Alzheimer's research studies? PS 12% YES NPS 50%

Compared to this time last year, has the number of calls about Alzheimer's research participation increased? PS 38% YES NPS 7%

Compared to this time last year, has the number of people you screened for AD studies increased? PS 54% YES NPS 14%

PS = 26 Responding sites

NPS = 14 Responding sites

## **Next Steps**

Based on the success of the pilot program...

- We are **adding 10 chapters** to the original five and will make an official announcement shortly
- We are implementing **alternatives to outsourcing** for several key aspects of Phase 1 of the full scale Initiative including adding a full time public relations practitioner and bringing call center screening and fulfillment in house
- The next phase will focus even more heavily on outreach to the medical community and minority and under-served populations

## **Next Steps**

#### Market research

- Will focus on the roles played by patients, caregivers, families and medical professionals with regard to making decisions about study enrollment
- Research may also target individuals who chose
  NOT to enroll although they were eligible to do so
- Because retention is also major issue in AD trials, we are considering interviews with individuals who voluntarily dropped out during the study