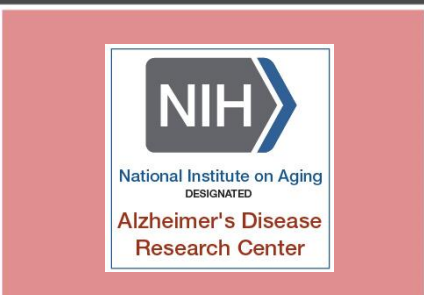
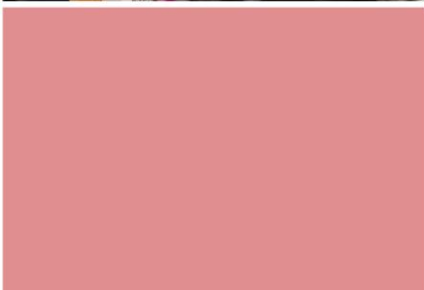


2024 Spring ADRC Meeting *May 6-7, 2024, Austin, Texas*

Sanjay Asthana, MD
Associate Dean for Gerontology
Director, Wisconsin Alzheimer's Disease Research Center
UW School of Medicine and Public Health, Madison, WI



Disclosures

- I have received grants from NIA/NIH, Department of Veterans Affairs, State of Wisconsin, and UW-Madison to support my research program

P30AG062715

R24AG077433

R01AG60737

R01AG029624

T32AG000213

P50AG029624

- UW-Madison has received grants from pharmaceutical companies for me to serve as a site PI to conduct treatment trials involving patients with MCI and dementia
- I have no conflicts of interest for this presentation



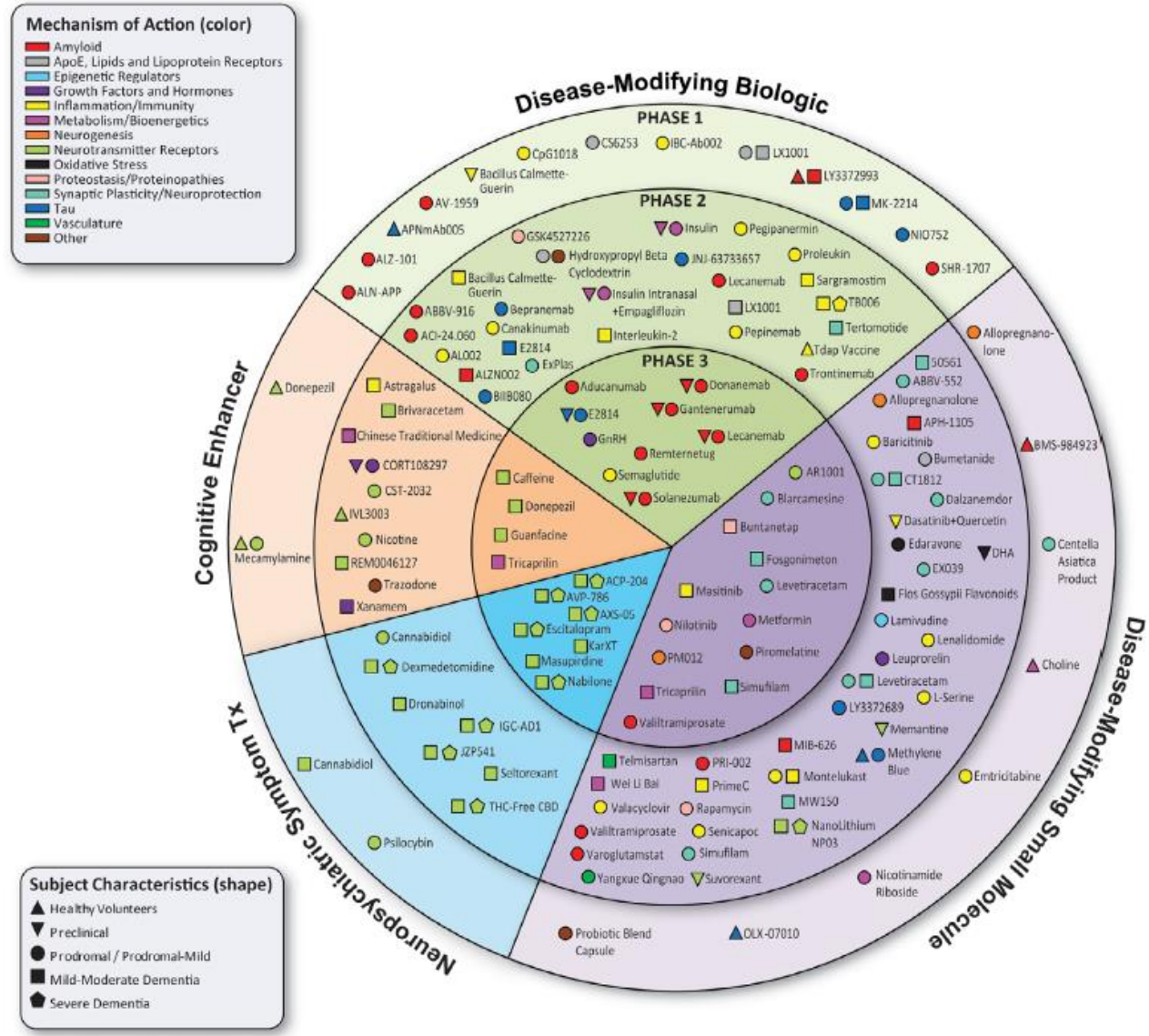
Celebratory Historic Advances in Treatment of AD/ADRD Research

- Recent **approval of anti-amyloid monoclonal antibodies (MABs)**, the first disease modifying treatments (DMTs) for MCI and early AD is monumental in AD therapeutics research
- In 2024, there are 164 active clinical trials assessing 127 drugs, including DMTs
- There are 23 studies [Phase 1 (6), Phase 2 (10), Phase 3 (7)] evaluating efficacy of drugs **targeting amyloid**
- 11 trials are evaluating efficacy of **anti-tau drugs**, including 4 in Phase 1, 6 in Phase 2, and 1 in Phase 3
- Four trials are evaluating efficacy of DMTs in **CU participants at risk for AD**, including AHEAD 3-45



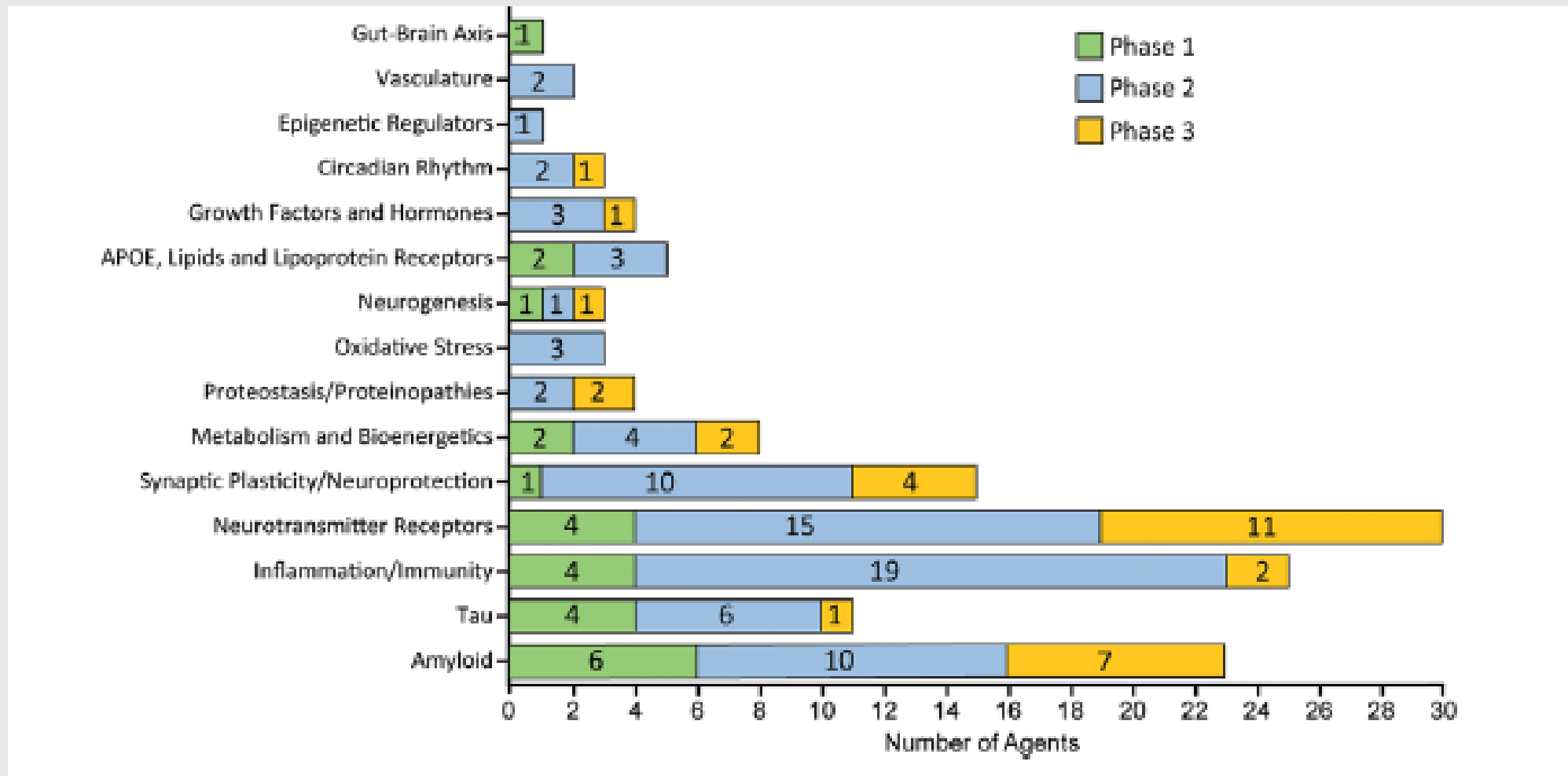
Treatment Advances for ADRD

2024 Alzheimer's Drug Development Pipeline



Cummings, J et al, Alzheimer's Dement. 2024; 10:e12465

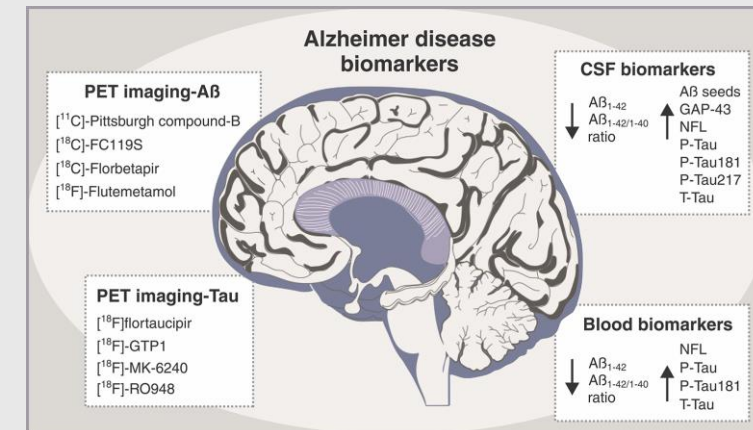
Treatment Advances for ADRD—Targeted Mechanisms



Cummings, J et al, Alzheimer's Dement. 2024; 10:e12465

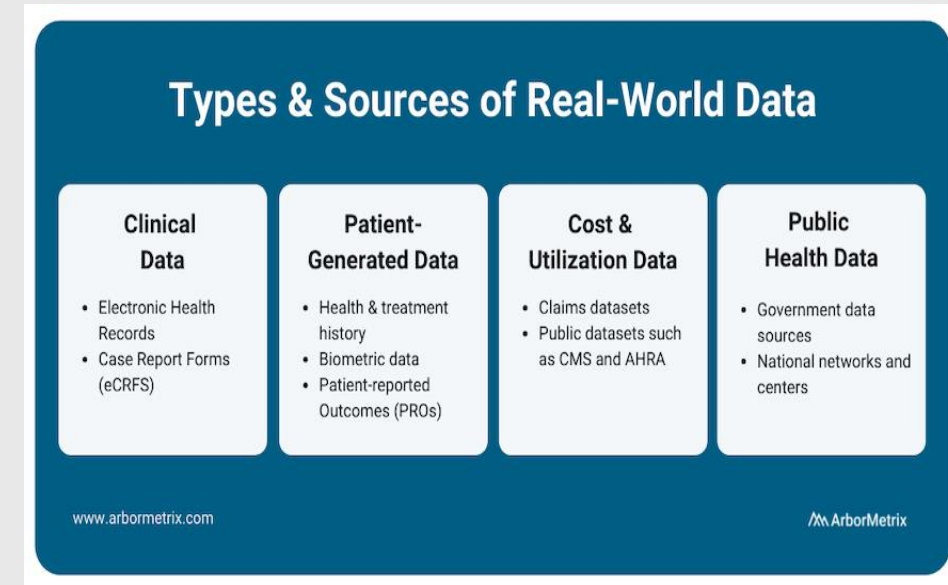
Notable Advances in ADRD Research-Biomarkers

- Remarkable advances in the **discovery and validation** of multiple neuroimaging and fluid **AD/ADRD biomarkers** for:
 - Early detection and progression of AD pathology
 - Differentiation of AD from non-AD dementia
 - Response to treatments
 - Risk prediction
- Convincing evidence from autopsy series of multiple **co-existing pathologies** in decedents diagnosed with AD/ADRD. These pathologies include vascular damage, Lewy body disease, TDP-43, α -synuclein, LATE-NC, PART, ARTAG, etc.
- Concerted efforts to develop harmonized protocols for imaging and fluid biomarkers of co-existing pathologies and examine their impact on clinical phenotype, disease progression, treatment response, and mortality -**CLARiTI**



Notable Advances in ADRD Research

- Concerted focus on **health equity and disparities** research to better understand the neurobiology, clinical phenotype, & genetics of AD/ADRD in different races and ethnicities
- Enhanced community engagement to **diversify study cohorts** and **improve generalizability** of AD/ADRD research across the ADRC network
- Efforts to enhance generalizability through **Real World Data** collection from multiple sources, including EHR, cost and utilization data, public health data and patient-generated data



Overarching Scientific Themes

**A) Non-amyloid mechanisms of AD/ADRD
– TDP-43**

B) Generalizability of AD/ADRD Research

- The scientific themes permeate nearly all the sessions of this 2-day meeting



TDP-43 Focused Presentations

A) Basic Biology of TDP-43

Speaker - Margaret Flanagan, MD
South Texas ADRC



B) Advances in Clinical Definitions and Biomarker Development for LATE

Speaker - David Wolk, MD
Penn ADRC



Generalizability Focused Presentations

A) Tackling the Landscape of Selection Bias and Representation in AD/ADRD Research: WHO We Study Matters

Speaker – Rachel Whitmer, PhD
UC Davis ADRC



B) Generalizability - Real World Data / EHR Focus

Speaker - Robert Califf, MD
Commissioner Food and Drugs, FDA

